

## CONTINUOUS FORMALDEHYDE MONITOR FOR AIR AND WATER SAMPLES



## AL4021 Features

- Continuous online monitoring of formaldehyde emissions with unique sensitivity of 100ppt
- Analysis of gaseous and liquid samples with only one instrument
- Designed for climate research, environmental air monitoring and indoor air quality control
- Ideal for emission control of wood-, plastic,and fabric based products
- Can be employed together with up to 16 emission test chambers



The Aero-Laser formaldehyde monitor AL4021 is an extremely sensitive chemical analyzer, based on the Hantzsch (acetyl-acetone) reaction [1]. It features the detection of formaldehyde down to lowest concentrations of 100ppt (parts per trillion) for gaseous samples, and 150ng/liter (eq.  $2 \times 10^{\circ}$  molar) for liquid samples, respectively. The complete chemical processing, including gas stripping, is integrated into the instrument. Using a fluorimetric detection method, the instrument achieves an extraordinary selectivity, avoiding interferences of other chemical substances in the sample gas or liquid.

The AL4021 can be calibrated semi-automatically by using liquid formaldehyde standards or automatically, using an optional integrated standard gas generator, based on a permeation tube. Contrary to other highly sensitive formaldehyde monitoring methods, the instrument has a delay time of only a few minutes and a time resolution of 90 seconds.

Originally designed for environmental and climate research, the AL4021 became a major instrument in the field of formaldehyde emission monitoring of products based on wood, plastics or fibres, within the last years. The control of formaldehyde emissions is currently a main industrial issue; producers have the obligation to get certificates for their products several times a year. The AL4021 can be employed with several emission test chambers simultaneously. One instrument can read the emission from up to 16 seperate chambers when connected via an valve controller (optional).

 $\hbox{[1] T. Nash, } \textit{The colorimetric estimation of formal dehyde by means of the Hantzsch reaction}, \textit{Biochem. J. 55 (1953) 416}$ 

## **Specifications**

► HCHO detection technique Fluorimetric, using Hantzsch (acetyl-acetone) reaction

Linear detection range 0.1ppb to 3000ppb (gaseous), 150ng/liter - 5mg/liter (liquid)

► Detection limit <100ppt (gaseous), <150ng/liter eq. <2×10<sup>-9</sup> molar (liquid)

► Time resolution and delay 90sec (10% - 90%), ~300sec delay

► Noise 2% full scale

► Sample gas temperature >0°C to +120°C

► Calibration and zeroing Automatic zeroing and semi-automatic calibration using liquid standards or

automatic calibration using internal gas generator (optional)

Operation Operation via touch screen on front panel

Data storage On USB stick (8Gb supplied)

Data output
Numeric/Graphic on display or via RS-232 interface

(SQL-based graphic data logging software available)

▶ Weight and dimension 20kg, fit for 19" rack (whd: 45cm × 15cm × 56cm)

Power requirements 110VAC / 220VAC, 110W, 24VDC on request